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www.dprepsafety.com TRAINING & CONSULTING SERVICES DISASTER PREPARATION AND CRITICAL INCIDENT RESPONSE

LAW ENFORCEMENT INTERVENTION GUIDE

This intervention checklist is intended to help support law enforcement in exploring their options when mitigating risks to the individual and the community. They are divided into Low/Moderate and Elevated/Critical to assist in matching the type of intervention with the perceived level of risk. The Low/Moderate interventions would also be useful for those in an elevated or critical level of risk as they stabilize from the initial crisis.

LOW/MODERATE INTERVENTIONS

Mental Heal	th/At-Risk Supports
	K–12/College: Referral to school BIT or threat assessment team
	K–12/College: Referral to school-based mental health outpatient services
	K–12: Referral to school-based special education IEP services
	Referral to outpatient mental health and job-based employee assistance program
	Referral to online or distance-based therapy services
	Court mandated outpatient services
Social Suppo	·
	Identify and strengthen supports from family (significant others, spouses, and children)
	☐ Groups at local middle school, high school, or college
	Clubs and organizations
	Online gaming friends
	☐ Internet support groups
	☐ Dance or band team
	☐ Game nights, Dungeons & Dragons, and video game nights
	Houses of Worship:
	Youth groups
	Choir programs
	Art or music lessons
	Study programs on religious issues and social justice
	Athletics and Working Out:
	 Local or school recreational departments
	Sports teams
	Martial arts programs (many offer reduced cost and scholarships)
	Community Services:
	☐ Big Brother/Big Sister program
	Animal shelter
	■ Homeless shelter
	Nursing home, hospice, or assisted living
	☐ Food bank
	Political or social justice organizations, non-violent outlets

Dangerousness and violence from an individual is difficult, if not impossible, to accurately predict. Information in this assessment should not be seen as legal or psychological advice or as a guarantee, or offer any assurance that violence will be prevented. It should be seen as a structured way to organize a risk assessment that is used in conjunction with interviews, intelligence gathering, and consultation to develop a mitigation plan.

LAW ENFORCEMENT INTERVENTION GUIDE (CONT.)

ELEVATED	Critical Interventions	
	Assessment at local emergency room or community mental health center	
	Social services referral through department of mental health, protective services, or department of youth services	
	Ongoing monitoring by law enforcement and/or additional agencies	
	Keep the subject informed and aware, as much as possible, to reduce fear of the unknown. For example:	
	If headed to jail/holding, what are the policies about dress, food, smoking, strip searches, and the kind of people who will be in lockup?	
	If headed to hospital, what are the policies on smoking, food access, and clothing? Perhaps have a discussion about being with a chronic, older population if the subject is younger and this is their first admission	
	If headed to an emergency department, what are the polices about medical clearance and blood draw, and what is the relative busyness of the department?	
	Consult with local fusion center, ATAP (www.atapworldwide.org), or D-Prep Safety (www.dprepsafety.com) for outside, expert	
_	insight on threat assessment and management	
	☐ In threat to other scenario, consider issuing a warning to target or making contact with threat assessment team at	
	school/college	
	☐ In threat to other scenario:	
	Offer supper to potential target (cell phone, direct call number, and handout material)	
	Offer support to family in distress	
	Consider larger Clery Act (educational SROs) or community notification	
	☐ Basic support needs:	
	☐ Facilitate access to clothing, opportunity for shower, hygiene items or sanitary materials for women	
	Help organize transportation to and from hospital	
	Allow for a phone call or offer to call the subject's friend/family to inform them what is happening	
	Take steps to notify the appropriate parking services for the subject's vehicle if it is going to be left behind	
	Offer a chance for food and drink; consider taking a moment to let them smoke/vape, as many locked units	
	ban this	
Assess Obstacles to Interventions		
	Cost (or wait list) for mental health services:	
	☐ Referral to sliding scale agency	
	 Local agency and business support through donations 	
	 Discuss possibility of groups if there is a long wait list 	
	Transportation challenges:	
	☐ Ride share credits or bus/transportation credit	
	Trade services with friend for a ride	
	Stigma to care:	
	Help the person understand getting help is normal and not something of which to be ashamed	
	☐ Share a personal story (reasonable and with focus on appropriate boundaries) about someone who accessed care	
	and it went well	
_	Make a parallel to working out at the gym; therapy can be seen as working out for your mind	
	Family/peer support:	
	Address family concerns with seeking care and the potential stigma	
	Encourage a "take a village" approach that provides multiple supports to improve the net of intervention	

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